Page 1559 MANITOBA CLEAN ENVIRONMENT COMMISSION LAKE WINNIPEG REGULATION REVIEW UNDER THE WATER POWER ACT VOLUME 10 * * * * * * * * * * * Transcript of Proceedings Held at RBC Convention Centre Winnipeg, Manitoba WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25, 2015 * * * * * * * * * * *

Page 1560 APPEARANCES CLEAN ENVIRONMENT COMMISSION Terry Sargeant - Chairman Edwin Yee - Commissioner Beverly Suek - Commissioner Beverly Suek - Commissioner Beverly Suek - Commission Secretary Joyce Mueller - Administrative Assistant Amy Kagaoan - Administrative Assistant Amy Kagaoan - Administrative Assistant Amy Kagaoan - Advisor Bob Armstrong - Report writer MANITOBA CONSERVATION AND WATER STEWARDSHIP Rob Matthews Puru Singh MANITOBA HYDRO Doug Bedford - Counsel Janet Mayor - Counsel CONSUMERS ASSOCIATION OF CANADA (Manitoba chapter) Byron Williams - Counsel Janet Mayor - Counsel Gloria Desorcy MANITOBA METIS FEDERATION Marci Riel Jasmine Langhan MANITOBA WILDLANDS Gaile Whelan Enns PEGUIS FIRST NATION Loyd Stevenson PIMICIKAMAK OKIMAWIN Annette Luttermann Darwin Paupanakis Jeremiah Raining Bird William Osborne KEWATINOOK FISHERS Meryl Ballard NORWAY HOUSE FISHERMAN'S CO-OP Keith Lenton	Page 1562 INDEX OF PROCEEDINGS Presentation by Interlake Reserves Tribal Council Corey Shefman, Derrick Gould, Elder Henry Traverse 1566 Questions by Mr. Bedford 1605 Questions by Mr. Settee 1620 Questions by CEC Panel 1623
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1	WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25, 2015	1	traditional knowledge. Mr. Traverse practices
2	UPON COMMENCING AT 9:30 A.M.	2	traditional, his traditional cultural practices as
3	THE CHAIRMAN: Good morning. We'll	3	well.
4	reconvene the proceedings. My condolences to	4	I'd like to first turn it over to
5	those of you who thought spring had arrived. Most	5	Mr. Traverse, who I believe has a ceremony for us.
6	of us have lived in this province all of our lives	6	ELDER TRAVERSE: Good morning panel,
7	and should know better than to think spring would	7	good morning, Hydro, Manitoba Hydro, and all the
8	be here in mid late March.	8	participants here this morning. I say good
9	This morning, we have one participant	9	morning for that reason, I come here to partake on
10	group presenting, that's the Interlake Reserves	10	this process of this CEC panel.
11	Tribal Council. Mr. Shefman will be taking the	11	But first of all, before I go any
12	lead and he will introduce his two panelists.	12	further, I want to say that we talked about a
13	Mr. Shefman, I presume that, like	13	smudging process here, but we didn't, I guess,
14	Mr. Lenton yesterday, you won't be giving any	14	bring any of the instruments. But nevertheless,
15	evidence, you'll just be leading.	15	we have tobacco here. Tobacco is very important
16	Okay. We'll swear in your two	16	in our culture, in our way of life. And the
17	panelists. Secretary?	17	reason why I do this today is because we are going
18	MS. JOHNSON: Gentlemen, could you	18	to talk about water. Water is natural law for
19	state your names for the record, please?	19	Anishinaabe people. It's one of our natural laws.
20	MR. GOULD: My name is Donald Derrick	20	And with respect, I hold this tobacco out to the
21	Pierre Gould.	21	Creator to acknowledge what we're going to be
22	ELDER TRAVERSE: My name is Henry	22	discussing here today, and all the elderly people
23	Traverse from Kinonjeoshtegon First Nation.	23	that are sitting around here, and I want to say
24	Donald Gould: Sworn.	24	that at this time. You know, I come from a small
25	Henry Traverse: Sworn	25	community, and also I'm here on behalf of the
20		20	community, and also initiate of solidir of the
	Page 1565		Doro 1567
			Page 1307
1	•	1	Page 1567 Tribal Council. They had requested that I be part
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	Page 1568		Page 1570
1	they lived by, and those are the things that I	1	lakes to regulate Lake Winnipeg to have a certain
2	want to touch on when I do speak again. And also	2	level. That's a big amount of water that's coming
3	how that water has affected our communities, since	3	from the west, from Saskatchewan and up through
4	back from about 40 years now.	4	the Medicine Hat area there.
5	I want to say that much for now. I'll	5	And when I hear that we're not in the
6	turn it over to Derrick. Mr. Chairman, miigwech.	6	area of Lake Winnipeg, and why should it matter to
7	MR. GOULD: Good morning everyone,	7	us, I don't believe that. We are affected
8	Hydro and also the panel and our respectful	8	extremely from the geographic part of it, where
9	lawyers, Corey. My name is Derrick Gould, I'm	9	the whole system, Lake Winnipeg Water Steward
10	from Pinaymootang First Nation and I have lived	10	System that everybody calls Lake Winnipeg Steward
11	there all my life. I have been commercial fishing	11	System is any creek and lake and watershed that
12	and also traditional fishing as well, my inherent	12	runs into Lake Winnipeg, we are part of that.
13	rights with my Treaties, I practice that every	13	And when you have Lake Winnipeg at a
14	year and I pass that down to generations, my kids	14	certain level, where it's full to its capacity, it
15	as well.	15	might not seem that there's any push back, I guess
16	With that, you know, we have a lot to	16	I could say, on the water. But it takes a while
17	talk about here today, the impacts of Lake	17	for that water to drain into Lake Winnipeg because
18	Winnipeg and how it affects our local area as	18	it's so full. And that has a big impact in my
19	well. And again, I'd like to thank God for being	19	area regarding the fishing, regarding our
20	here today to represent my people, I am honoured	20	agriculture.
21	here to represent my people with the knowledge and	21	At one time we used to have 40
22	our wisdom that we have as a people. We are not	22	agriculture producers there, some were into wheat,
23	scientists, but we are professionals in the land	23	most of them were into cattle. Today we have two
24	that we live on. Miigwech.	24	farmers left in our community, out of 40, due to
25	MR. SHEFMAN: So I am going to be	25	the high water, due to our agriculture land that
	Page 1569		Page 1571
1	assisting the panelists in terms of asking them	1	was once pristine agriculture lands with alfalfa,
2	questions to help with their testimony.	2	and also where we grew wheat, where we had
3	So, Mr. Gould, we'll start with you.	3	notational gardening all that's been gone to
		0	potatoes, gardening, all that's been gone to
4	Can you speak to how Lake Winnipeg Regulation	4	bulrushes. Everything there is saturated now.
4 5	Can you speak to how Lake Winnipeg Regulation affects your community, given that it's not		
	affects your community, given that it's not actually located on the lake?	4	bulrushes. Everything there is saturated now. I remember our cattle wading into the marshland area where the water would be so low
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	Page 1572		Page 1574
1	started to hear of the Province of Manitoba, I'm	1	about three years, but I resigned from that
2	not sure if Hydro is involved there, started to go	2	position and I went to work for my people. And I
3	and see where they could get water from the west	3	advocate for my people today, as a commercial
4	to contribute to Lake Winnipeg, somehow to get	4	fisherman and as a trapper. And I also, I'm a
5	more water into Lake Winnipeg because it was such	5	cattle rancher as well. And these are, this means
6	a dry year that year that probably they couldn't	6	a lot to me, this way of life. My family has
7	turn the turbines. You know, those have a big	7	lived through that way of life for many, many
8	impact in our community.	8	years, generations. And today I'm hanging onto a
9	And I want to state this here today	9	thread to keep that tradition alive with my
10	that as we signed our treaties within our	10	children.
11	boundaries to share this land, I never once seen	11	You know, my kids are one of the only
12	in our Treaties, in our Treaty Two, that we gave	12	few kids that are in 4-H in Manitoba here, and I'm
13	up the governance of water, that we have given	13	proud of that, that they can still have that
14	that right up. That's not in the Treaties that we	14	agriculture in them. And I keep telling them, due
15	signed away any water, that we have always	15	to the high waters and that, our land base is
16	governed that water.	16	getting smaller and smaller every year.
17	And you know, for people to come and	17	This past winter I mean, this past
18	take this right away from our people, I have a	18	summer we made 44 bales, that's all I could make.
19	problem with that, Lake Winnipeg, and to regulate	19	But we didn't give up, we didn't give up. You
20	it at an amount where the shorelines are eroding,	20	know, we have to buy our hay, but we had areas
21	we don't have shorelines anymore, we have cliff	21	where we used to make thousands of bales. And I
22	drop offs. Some of those places are 10 to 15 feet	22	should have brought those pictures today where we
23	where the shoreline is extraordinary, it's just	23	used to make the hay and we were able to have
24	devastated.	24	enough for ourselves and also sell for ourselves
25	And so with that, you know, I feel	25	to other places that needed hay.
	Page 1573		Page 1575
1	that we are part of the watershed, and the whole	1	And today, just to make 50 bales, we
2	system backs up to our area there. As you can	2	can't even make that. And I feel that the water
3	see, when we do have extraordinary amounts of	3	system, the watershed system, it has to change.
4	precipitation, plus the regulation of our lakes to	4	We need this water to be a little lower than what
5	be at a certain level, it all generates to one	5	it is.
6	major disaster, which we have seen these past few	6	MR. SHEFMAN: Councillor Gould, you
7	years since 2011, where we have lost total	7	have told us a little bit about some of the
8	communities within our area, our way of life.	8	changes that you have seen over the past, over
9	Even the recreation is affected within	9	your lifetime. Can you tell us, has the rate of
10	our communities. Our children cannot swim in the	10	change of those changes been constant? Describe
11	rivers, they cannot swim in the lake, because the	11	for us the rate of change, over your lifetime?
12	currents are so fast. And all of this is passing	12	MR. GOULD: Well, like I said, I have
13	in our backyards to contribute to Lake Winnipeg.	13	been farming as long as I could remember with my
14	So Manitoba Hydro and the Province of Manitoba can	14	grandfather and my father. And I remember places
15	have their water systems to provide that Hydro for	15	where we cut hay. And today, you can't even drive
16	Minnesota and other places. And everyone else is	16	off the bush line now, that water is right up
17	feeling the, you know, the money part of it I	17	tight to the bush line there. Where we used to go
18	guess you can say, the economic spin offs from it.	18	out into the meadows and drive our trucks and cars
19	And very little of it is coming back to the people	19	and everything else, that's all one big lake now.
20	that live that simple life of living on the land,	20	And these past few years, with the
21	of living with the things that are around them,	21	fishing part of it, we used to be able to drive on
			the land, I guess to most people it would be kind
22	meaning trapping, farming and agriculture.	22	the land, I guess to most people it would be kind
22 23		22 23	of a marsh shed of it where the marshland starts
	meaning trapping, farming and agriculture.		
23	meaning trapping, farming and agriculture. And that might not be important to	23	of a marsh shed of it where the marshland starts

VOI	Lake winnipe	y r	egulation March 25, 2015
	D		D 4570
1	Page 1576 it's dangerous for us. We have a hard time to	1	Page 1578 feet of ice. And any one of you here that knows
	-		
2	know exactly where the good ice is now with the	2	how ice is where there's current, you can have
3	high currents that are coming through. Every time	3	three feet of ice, four feet of ice, and overnight
4	we get onto the trail that we use every day, we	4	that ice could be gone, there will just be crust
5	always have to make sure that there's ice there to	5	of snow on top.
6	get onto the lake safely with my family to fish.	6	So with those impacts there, that
7	There was one day just a couple weeks	7	contributes to the change of our life where we
8	ago, it was probably middle of February we went	8	have to accommodate the high water that flows
9	out and we had a heavy snowstorm that time. And I	9	through our system within our Pinaymootang area
10	went out and I noticed that the trail kind of	10	there. And like I said, we think we're on land
11	looked slushed on the sides. And I told my kids	11	but we're on eight feet of water, not knowing if
12	to wait behind and I went up ahead, and I took the	12	we're going to go through in any minute.
13	needle bar which we use the cut the ice so we can	13	And I have fell through. I have fell
14	fish commercially. I took the needle bar and I	14	through myself. I know how it is to walk
15	was probing the ice in front of us, the trail that	15	two miles. I had my gauntlets on my feet because
16	we use everyday. And my chisel bar went through.	16	I had to kick my boots off. My four-wheeler was
17	And here we are, supposedly to be on our land	17	standing up with eight boxes of fish in it. It's
18	base, and the chisel bar is probably about five to	18	a good thing I took the four-wheeler that day
19	six feet, for you that know what the chisel bar	19	because the wheels helped it float up and I
20	looks like, and it went right through and I put it	20	managed to get onto the hard ice. And my wife had
21	right down. So it's probably about eight feet of	21	to phone the people to come look for us, because
22	water where we were travelling on. So we had to	22	it was already 7:00 o'clock at night and she knew
23	turn around on a dime right on that trail.	23	we were out and we should be home by 5:00 o'clock.
24	Basically, if it wasn't for us making	24	And it was about 7:00, 7:30, we walked across the
25	that trail previous with the cold weather, just	25	lake, me and my partner there that was helping me,
	Da va 4577		Daria 4570
1	Page 1577 over two days that we didn't use that trail, that	1	Page 1579 we only had the one machine. And we fell through,
2	whole system changed. And then we had to commute	2	there was about 14 feet of water in that area, but
3	13 miles around, so it ended up being like a	3	we made it. We made it, but we had frostbite on
4	26-mile trip, you know, with open skidoos. We	4	my face and that. But other than that, I was just
5	weren't using the Bombardiers in minus 25 to minus	5	happy to make it home.
6	30 wind chill, and we'd tough it out.	6	And then you respect that, you always
7	And that's the kind of job that we	7	respect that water. To us, water is a living
8	have, that's the kind of life that we decided to	, 8	spirit, it moves. And you can't control that
9	have. And we take that with honour to continue	9	water, you can't control it. It has a natural
10	that way of life and to be out there on the land.	10	flow, it has a natural system. And when that
11	But when you get to times like that in	11	system is changed and redirected, it comes with
12	your life where you bring your children out onto	12	devastating costs. And it's not the water's
13	the land, and all of a sudden in the blink of an	13	fault, it's the people that control those
14	eye your children's lives are in your hands. So	14	waterways, that make diversions that aren't even
15	whether you make that decision to go or you make	15	supposed to be in those areas, they change the
16	that decision to turn around and go back home and	16	whole structure of the system.
17	live on Social Assistance, and that's what I do	17	We noticed these past years, like a
18	not want for my kids. I never once had Social	18	lot of my family fishes on Lake Winnipeg, and this
19	Assistance, and same with my kids. I drive that	19	past year we were, especially this fall we were
20	into their head, that any bad day of fishing is	20	really alarmed in the Gimli area there, where
21	better than picking up a \$220 cheque at the band	20	people would fish abundantly pickerel, and all of
22	office at the end of the month, you know. And I	22	a sudden, the system of the migration has changed.
23	stress that to them that even when I'm not there,	23	Whitefish are there now where the pickerel were,
24	I have to teach them what to look for on the lake,	23	and the pickerel have moved somewhere else because
25	how the water changes so fast you could have four	25	of all the pollution and everything else that's
1			e. a. the pendion and everything else that's

		9	
	Page 1580		Page 1582
1	coming along with Lake Winnipeg with their high	1	said I'm not a scientist, but we lived on that
2		2	
	waters and everything else.		land, we lived in that area. We know what was
3	I know it's not only with Manitoba	3	there before. I'm 42 years old and I have been on
4	Hydro regulating it as well, but it's also	4	the lake with my grandpa since I was three years
5	agriculture use, the algae and that that has	5	old, that was the very first time he said that he
6	bloomed. And the system that are there, the	6	had taken me out on the lake. And I seen the
7	sediments that are falling in from the erosion,	7	changes within our areas. And if we could keep
8	eroding shorelines, is contributing to a big	8	the water system down, like what it was even 25
9	impact on the shorelines. Because everything that	9	years or 30 years ago, and to ask our people, is
10	falls in, it's filling up the lake. There's some	10	this water okay for you, you know, is this depth
11	places there you have to drive your boat out quite	11	liveable to you, that would have made a big
12	a ways out just to find decent water, because the	12	difference in my life. When I think back, that
13	shorelines are really shallow in some spots	13	would have made a big difference in a lot of my
14	because of the eroding shorelines that are falling	14	people's lives within my community. And I'm
15	in.	15	talking for Pinaymootang.
16	And with hunting, I'll talk a little	16	We have neighboring communities that
17	bit about hunting as well, with the high waters as	17	are just 12, 15 kilometres down the road, Little
18	well. We have been having a hard time to find our	18	Saskatchewan, and then further down from that was
19	seasonal animals, like the deer and the moose. We	19	the once known Lake St. Martin, where it's no
20	go out quite a bit as well to areas on Lake	20	man's land now. At any one given time, there was
21	Winnipeg, around the Dauphin River area there, and	21	anywhere between 3,000 head of cattle or 4,000
22	we have been having a hard time to bring back a	22	head of cattle within our communities. Now, like
23	moose for our families in the fall. And lately,	23	I said, there's one farmer in Little Sask, two
24	when somebody kills a moose, now it's just like	24	farmers in Little Sask and two farmers in
25	winning the lottery, because everybody tends to go	25	Pinaymootang, one farmer in Lake St. Martin.
-			
	Page 1581		Page 1583
1	to that person's house right away after to get	1	And I think, when I look back, if the
2	their piece of meat. The high waters have moved	2	water wasn't as high as it was today, there would
3	our animals out of the areas where they usually	3	still be a lot of people farming. We would be
4	are, the deer as well. And a lot of our forests	4	contributing to the agriculture way of life.
5	are, it looks like we're living in the fall 24	5	Because with all the barriers that were there,
6	hours a day, 365 days a year, from all the dead	6	trying to find hay, trying to find pasture for
7	trees that are around in our areas now. There's	7	your cattle, horses, whatever you had, all those
	no green trees where we live, it's all dead bush.	8	barriers add up to stress, add up to what are we
8			
9	And that's going to contribute into our lake	9	going to do, where are we going to feed our
10	system too, and that's going to affect our nets.	10	cattle, our horses? If you don't have hay, you
11	MR. SHEFMAN: Councillor, you are	11	know, you get charged for starving animals. And
12	talking a lot about the ancillary effects, the	12	that's one thing that our people had always
13	secondary effects of what you attribute to Lake	13	respected was animals. So a lot of these people
14	Winnipeg Regulation, and you also mentioned	14	decided to give up their ranching.
15	earlier how in your Treaties you didn't give up	15	So we could have contributed a lot to
16	governance of the water, that wasn't part of that.	16	Manitoba Hydro and to the Province of Manitoba, to
17	Can you talk a little bit about how	17	consult with us whenever they make big decisions
18	you have worked with Hydro in terms of providing	18	on the dams and the impacts of what those dams are
19	them with your traditional knowledge that you have	19	going to have. Look at in the past what history
20	been providing the panel with today, how your	20	has told us. Hydro used to just go make these
21	traditional knowledge has helped or could help	21	dams without consulting with the people. They
22	this project, and address those issues for the	22	would bury our loved ones grave sites, you know.
23	panel?	23	I know each and every one of you here
	MR. GOULD: Well, I think our	24	has respect for those people, for your loved ones
24		27	······································
24 25	contributions, like I said earlier today when I	25	who have passed on. So let me put it into your

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	Page 1584		Page 1586
1	heart, how one feels if their grave sites were	1	that this way of life would be here.
2	devastated like that? If we came here to the City	2	But, you know, we need to look at ways
3	of Winnipeg and flooded all these areas where	3	that we can find a solution that's going to work
4	these grave sites are, and say you know what,	4	for people within our areas and for these big
5	we'll worry about you people later, there's a big	5	Crown corporations that take our natural resources
6	compensation coming to you, but let your loved	6	and turn it into an economic, bountiful spin offs
7	ones lay there. Death in our communities is a	7	for so many people within our areas here.
8	very respectful time of life. Many people in the	8	And you know, as a person in general,
9	regular society will go to a funeral for an hour,	9	I'd like to be consulted with in a way that, had
10	our people last for four days, day and night, keep	10	these meaningful talks that would benefit our
11	those fires burning 24 hours a day. That's how	11	community. I think I would have went a long ways
12	close we are with our people and our land. And to	12	when it comes to terms, and how today, how we look
13	have that impact on our communities, that was a	12	at the water systems and how we turn the waterways
	-	14	
14	big disrespect from the people that were involved	14	into the power lines, into the hydro dams.
15	in the past.	-	And of course, we all know that
16	And I know there has been some work of	16 17	Manitoba can only use so much hydro, that a lot of
17	now, duty to consult and consent, that has to be	17 10	this hydro is going to be going other places. You
18	taken forth upon our people before any projects	18	hear of the blackouts that they have in the
19	are done.	19	States, that they need all this hydro. And you
20	But like the question I was asked	20	know, Manitoba is a prime area here. But what are
21	here, would there have been somewhat of a bigger	21	the costs? And we should have a say like on what
22	change in my life if we were consulted with in a	22	is happening, and we should be consulted with in a
23	way where the water is at a certain level? Yes,	23	respectful way. And we should be, you know, if
24	we would still have people living today where they	24	anything goes wrong, there should be a way that
25	are if we didn't have that the high water system	25	Manitoba Hydro and our communities have a way of
	Dogo 1595		Page 1587
1	Page 1585 that's here today.	1	working things out where we can live somewhat a
2	And, you know, at the regulation of	2	normal life instead of always having to be chased
3	715, I believe that's where Lake Winnipeg is, am I	3	away from where we were originally living a good
4	correct? Anybody answer that.	4	life.
5	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.	5	And in our language, (Cree spoken),
6	MR. GOULD: You know, 715, you can	6	that means leftover land in our area, and that's
7	have it at 715, but what happens when we get these	7	how our people describe our reserves, (Cree
8	natural disasters that come in? You can't lower	8	spoken), you know, that's how they describe where
9	that 715 overnight. The winds to pick up, the	9	we live, it's called leftover land. And that
10	waters come in, and you can't control that if we	10	leftover land, now we're fighting to go keep that
11	keep it at 715, and we see the devastation right	11	leftover land because of all the contributes that
12	now of the erosion of our shorelines.	12	are happening with the flooding in our
13	So that question I would say yes,	13	communities. And yet we signed our Treaties with
14	there would have been a big change within my area	14	the Crown to share this wonderful Canada here with
15	and my people's lives, if we were consulted with	15	the rest of Canada. And today, we call our
16	instead of just making these dams, which was made	16	homeland leftover land, which once we had this
17	in 1961 in our area, and changed the whole system	17	whole Canada was ours.
18	of our area regarding our fishing, agriculture,	18	And my grandfather always made that
19	gardening, you name it. We have lost so much in	19 20	statement very clear to me. He said one day, he
20	these past 10 to 15 years that it really makes you	20 21	said, oil is not going to be what we're going to
21	depressed actually when you think of it.	21	fight over, that's not going to be. He said, it's
22	And in our Treaties, you know,	22	going to be our water he said to me. And I look
23 24	farming, fishing, everything, it's there, it's	23 24	here today, you know, and here we are today. And
1/4	stated that we would carry this on as long as the	24	my grandfather passed away in 1998. That was a
		25	his statement that he made And he said that
25	sun shines, the grass grows and the rivers flow,	25	big statement that he made. And he said that

		·9 ··	egulation Warch 25, 2015
1	Page 1588		Page 1590
1	water that flows in the back of your yard, we	1	solution where the water is going to be at a level
2	could see, springtime, 10, 15 feet, the water, we	2	where we can all work together with our
3	could see right to the bottom of it, clearly. And	3	communities and with Hydro as well. Because the
4	now today, it's pretty murky, how the system has	4	system is here, you know, you guys have the system
5	changed everything.	5	now. But the way the system has come about, some
6	And I want to think that the fish that	6	of that history shouldn't have been that way.
7	we consume is still a healthy fish. I'm	7	MR. SHEFMAN: Thank you, councillor.
8	optimistic that some way down the line here that	8	Mr. Traverse, if you'd like to go
9	we're going to figure out something that's going	9	ahead?
10	to be a contributor factor to the healthy part of	10	ELDER TRAVERSE: I'd like to speak
11	our lake. Because if we don't try and find a	11	more about the our Treaty with this tobacco and
12	solution, we're not going to have a healthy Lake	12	our language, it means (Cree spoken). And that
13	Winnipeg, we're not going to have a healthy Lake	13	water we speak about, we all it (Cree spoken).
14	we're not going to have a place to do recreational	14	And the lake we, call it (Cree spoken). And (Cree
15	fishing, commercial fishing. It's just going to	15	spoken), that's how we interpret it. The things
16	be one big green algae lake. And if any one of	16	that I want to say, I want to go back to the
17	you has ever had that experience of driving out to	17	beginning when the Treaties were signed. And also
18	Lake Winnipeg, going on a fishing or hunting trip,	18	I want to mention, just mention here this
19	and if you ever come across hitting that sludge,	19	videotape that Hydro had been giving out in our
20	you know, that's a scary feeling. That's just	20	towns, a short video, I think it's 27 minutes of
21	like green soup or something, I don't know how to	20	the Lake Winnipeg Regulation. That's the first
22	explain it, but it just stinks. And if you hit	22	time I have heard of it. But it's been two years,
23	that, you don't know if you're hitting, you know,	23	I got this CD from the Hydro office. But what I
24	land that's somewhat flooded or whatever when you	24	want to say is I kind of speak fast too. When I
24	hit that sludge. It's just, you don't know what's	25	speak, I'm not an elegant speaker, but
20	The flat of dage. The just, you don't know what's	20	opoux, ini not un ologunt opouxol, but
1	Pade 1589		Page 1591
1	Page 1589 underneath there. It plugs up your motors as	1	Page 1591 nevertheless, I'm Anishinaabe person.
1 2	underneath there. It plugs up your motors as	1 2	nevertheless, I'm Anishinaabe person.
1 2 3	underneath there. It plugs up your motors as well. It can blow your motor because the water		nevertheless, I'm Anishinaabe person. At the time, I think this is the one
2 3	underneath there. It plugs up your motors as well. It can blow your motor because the water doesn't go through your system on the motor.	2	nevertheless, I'm Anishinaabe person. At the time, I think this is the one Hydro has to understand, and the Commission here,
2	underneath there. It plugs up your motors as well. It can blow your motor because the water doesn't go through your system on the motor. But when it comes to Hydro to be to	2 3 4	nevertheless, I'm Anishinaabe person. At the time, I think this is the one Hydro has to understand, and the Commission here, the time the Treaties were made, you know, before
2 3 4	underneath there. It plugs up your motors as well. It can blow your motor because the water doesn't go through your system on the motor. But when it comes to Hydro to be to coming around to my community and consulting with	2 3	nevertheless, I'm Anishinaabe person. At the time, I think this is the one Hydro has to understand, and the Commission here, the time the Treaties were made, you know, before they were made, back like I say, 1600, 1700, when
2 3 4 5	underneath there. It plugs up your motors as well. It can blow your motor because the water doesn't go through your system on the motor. But when it comes to Hydro to be to coming around to my community and consulting with us, I have to say that I've never once been	2 3 4 5	nevertheless, I'm Anishinaabe person. At the time, I think this is the one Hydro has to understand, and the Commission here, the time the Treaties were made, you know, before they were made, back like I say, 1600, 1700, when the newcomers came, they knew that there was
2 3 4 5 6	underneath there. It plugs up your motors as well. It can blow your motor because the water doesn't go through your system on the motor. But when it comes to Hydro to be to coming around to my community and consulting with us, I have to say that I've never once been involved in that, Hydro has never come around to	2 3 4 5 6	nevertheless, I'm Anishinaabe person. At the time, I think this is the one Hydro has to understand, and the Commission here, the time the Treaties were made, you know, before they were made, back like I say, 1600, 1700, when the newcomers came, they knew that there was Native people that resided in this island, North
2 3 4 5 6 7	underneath there. It plugs up your motors as well. It can blow your motor because the water doesn't go through your system on the motor. But when it comes to Hydro to be to coming around to my community and consulting with us, I have to say that I've never once been	2 3 4 5 6 7	nevertheless, I'm Anishinaabe person. At the time, I think this is the one Hydro has to understand, and the Commission here, the time the Treaties were made, you know, before they were made, back like I say, 1600, 1700, when the newcomers came, they knew that there was
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	underneath there. It plugs up your motors as well. It can blow your motor because the water doesn't go through your system on the motor. But when it comes to Hydro to be to coming around to my community and consulting with us, I have to say that I've never once been involved in that, Hydro has never come around to my area to consult with us to say what is good for	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	nevertheless, I'm Anishinaabe person. At the time, I think this is the one Hydro has to understand, and the Commission here, the time the Treaties were made, you know, before they were made, back like I say, 1600, 1700, when the newcomers came, they knew that there was Native people that resided in this island, North America. That time, King George I believe, and
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	underneath there. It plugs up your motors as well. It can blow your motor because the water doesn't go through your system on the motor. But when it comes to Hydro to be to coming around to my community and consulting with us, I have to say that I've never once been involved in that, Hydro has never come around to my area to consult with us to say what is good for you, what can we do to make things better?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	nevertheless, I'm Anishinaabe person. At the time, I think this is the one Hydro has to understand, and the Commission here, the time the Treaties were made, you know, before they were made, back like I say, 1600, 1700, when the newcomers came, they knew that there was Native people that resided in this island, North America. That time, King George I believe, and Queen Victoria, they told their people, their
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	D 4500		D 4504
1	Page 1592 have read through all of the times of back in	1	Page 1594 Police were given duty only to enter reservations
1			
2	1800, this is what was happening. And there was a	2	when murder, rape, stealing, was being committed.
3	Hudson Bay post at Doghead Narrows. You know,	3	Water and Lake Winnipeg is telling us
4	this is where our Treaty came from, it was not	4	a story. So far from all the studies and reports
5	signed in my community of Kinonjeoshtegon, but	5	done, our livelihood is in great danger. Who
6	somehow Kinonjeoshtegon was a place that people	6	would responsibility fall on? What are our future
7	did their ceremonial gatherings every summer, it	7	children going to fall back on a hundred years
8	was a place where people came from all directions,	8	from now? Who is responsible? Is it going to be
9	and people come and healed themselves in the	9	our shortcomings, looking after ourselves today
10	summer time.	10	only?
11	My great great grandfathers were the	11	First Nations can't be held
12	leaders of the, they were called the Midewiwin	12	accountable as they never requested for this
13	society. And today it's a great honour for me to	13	process. The CEC, Manitoba Hydro report cannot be
14	be sitting here and telling the story. That's	14	used as an agreement a hundred years from now.
15	where I get my strength that I can say and speak	15	This is what I wrote down from my notes, and I'm
16	in this fashion.	16 17	very honoured for them to be transcribed here
17	I'm not trying to step on anybody's	17 10	today.
18	toes or anything like that, but this is what took	18	And also I want to further say, I've
19	place back then. They went to the people of the	19	got other things that I want to say, but just this
20	land, the first peoples of the land. The Creator	20	moment I want to pass it back to Mr. Shefman. MR. SHEFMAN: Thank you, Mr. Traverse.
21	had given them this special water and fish to live	21	
22	off the land, the Anishinaabe people. This is	22	Can you talk to us about how and when you have had
23	what I knew and this is what I have learned over	23	the opportunity to share your traditional
24	the years as I have been getting to be I'm 60	24 25	knowledge with Manitoba Hydro, and how you think
25	years old. Like I said, I was going to say in my	25	that may have changed how Lake Winnipeg Regulation
	Page 1593		Dogo 1505
1	language, (Cree spoken) in my language, that's	1	Page 1595 works, if they have adapted their plans based on
2	what it means.	2	your knowledge, or just even if they when you
3	Like there's a lot of words that we	3	share your knowledge?
4	have in our language, even Easter, Easter day we	4	ELDER TRAVERSE: I have I'm going
5	have a word for that as well. And also we're	5	to be, I'm going to be on this panel at the next
6	getting close to that time of the year, and it's	6	hearing on April 14, again, I think that's the
7	always holy times for everybody all around this	7	date that we have. But we have some photographs
8	North America, and those are the things that we	8	from way back from 1950, and that was the state of
9	hold dear to our communities.	9	Lake Winnipeg. We have them in colour, and we're
10	But speaking like that, I wanted to	10	going to be bringing those forward when we do that
11	continue on talking and I wanted to use my notes	11	next presentation.
12	here as I speak.	12	And you know, I come from a fishing
13	Our great grandfather signed an	13	community, and my ancestors, my grandfathers, they
14	international covenant peace treaty. This was	14	were leaders in the lake, on Lake Winnipeg. They
15	everlasting. Their God given traditional	15	used our lake for many ways, wherever they wanted
16	government was always by four elders, who were	16	to go, they went that way, and that's how they
17	always the last decision makers. Their covenant	17	communicated with nature. And they had great
18	was as long as the sun shines, the grass grows and	18	respect for the land and the Creator, they went
19	the rivers flow. The prayers, witness to God,	19	and named our community Kinonjeoshtegon in a
20	sacredness of their instruments, pipes, the	20	ceremonial way, and they did offerings to that
21	Queen's commissioners, their own Canadian Mounted	21	fish, (Cree spoken), the spirit of that fish, they
22	Police, they excluded water and fish from this	22	used that in their ceremonial grounds, why our
23	Treaty as they wanted to continue on living	23	community is called Kinonjeoshtegon today, this is
24	naturally.	24	what they did, my ancestors, my grandfathers.
25	Today the Royal Canadian Mounted	25	They were real warriors, I always call them. But
1			

		.g	
	Page 1596		Page 1598
1	somehow, you know, things changed for them when	1	don't know what it's going to be for our future
2	government started coming around and bringing in	2	grandchildren. Those are the concerns I got
3	their, bringing in RCMP, Royal Canadian Mounted	3	today. I want to say that much.
4	Police. And I guess they were put in the state of	4	MR. SHEFMAN: As an elder in your
5	shock, because this is where their livelihood was	5	community, do you believe that there's a way for
6	on the water, on the water and land, this is what	6	your traditional ways of governing the water, like
7	they experienced. You know, I want to say these	7	you have just described, to work together with
8	things here today, because we don't know the	8	Hydro, to govern the water cooperatively?
9	history, the history is not known of my community.	9	ELDER TRAVERSE: Well, dialogue, and
10	I also have a powerpoint that goes	10	also traditional way. We have elders back home.
11	along with what I'm talking about here. I'm not	11	I don't consider myself an elder, but somehow I'm
		12	-
12	making anything up. I have lots of documentation	12	getting to that age, even talking here, I could
13	from way back, from early as middle 1800s. My		talk here without tobacco because of my age. But
14	great great grandfathers, we located a lot of	14	nevertheless, I wanted to use this tobacco here
15	sacred documents that they were that they	15	today, for each and every one of us that we don't
16	existed back then.	16	make a mistake in our lives. Because when we talk
17	But, you know, those are the things I	17	about this water, it's very important, it's number
18	want to mention here. Those are very important to	18	one in our lives. Without water I wouldn't be
19	me, my community, and where I come from. Like I	19	sitting here talking about it. But somehow we
20	said, they officially did a ceremony in honour of	20	have to stress to Manitoba Hydro that we want to,
21	the fish.	21	we want to put our foot in the door to be able to
22	So we are a clan, water clan people,	22	speak and to be able to communicate, you know, and
23	and we have different clans, and that's the thing	23	have an open especially in our fishing
24	too I want to mention here, our clan is called	24	industry, our commercial fishing is not very good
25	At'sokan clan. And the other clan we have in our	25	right now because of all these things that we're
1	Page 1597	1	Page 1599
1	community is Mitsu'um clan. You know, we have two	1	experiencing with this high water, and also a lot
2	community is Mitsu'um clan. You know, we have two clans that, I think that's where this starts, from	2	experiencing with this high water, and also a lot of times our nets are all twisted, just like a
2 3	community is Mitsu'um clan. You know, we have two clans that, I think that's where this starts, from our community of Kinonjeoshtegon, there was a two	2 3	experiencing with this high water, and also a lot of times our nets are all twisted, just like a piece of rope, you know, after a big storm. This
2 3 4	community is Mitsu'um clan. You know, we have two clans that, I think that's where this starts, from our community of Kinonjeoshtegon, there was a two clan system there. And those are very important	2 3 4	experiencing with this high water, and also a lot of times our nets are all twisted, just like a piece of rope, you know, after a big storm. This has been going on, you know, the past 15 years,
2 3 4 5	community is Mitsu'um clan. You know, we have two clans that, I think that's where this starts, from our community of Kinonjeoshtegon, there was a two clan system there. And those are very important to my people to understand and to know the people	2 3 4 5	experiencing with this high water, and also a lot of times our nets are all twisted, just like a piece of rope, you know, after a big storm. This has been going on, you know, the past 15 years, the water has very, has gone very fast, and it's
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	Page 1600		Page 1602
1	erosion in our area too. Like speaking of	1	community than the RCMP, you know. And why is it
2	erosion, our rivers have gone wider, you know,	2	that way? I am not sure. But there are a lot of
3	there's a lot of debris, floating islands that	3	things that need to be done, to be worked out.
4	float out to the lake because of this.	4	And in a way, you know, it's an honour for me to
5	MR. SHEFMAN: And has anyone ever,	5	be here today to, that I make my statements here
6	before this process, before you came here and we	6	and that they are being recorded. Because I want
7	started talking about the Clean Environment	7	my children and my grandchildren and their
8	Commission, did anyone ever ask for your input on	8	children to know that there were people within
9	that before?	9	their communities that actually have stated and
10	ELDER TRAVERSE: Never.	10	advocated and brought up to the people that wanted
11	MR. SHEFMAN: Thank you.	11	to be in charge, I could say, of their future of
12	ELDER TRAVERSE: 1 know in 2006, I	12	the water system, that we have spoken and that we
13	think it was 2006 I went in front of the Clean	13	have stood up for them. I'm not saying that it
14	Environment Commission in Arborg, Manitoba, that	14	can't be a relationship that can be worked upon.
15	was to do with the pork industry, agriculture.	14	The infrastructure is there. But Hydro has to
16	And that time I think I presented them with a	16	come to our people. Hydro has to consult with our
		17	
17 18	document, and that's as far as it goes. But I'm	17	people. And Hydro has to make up for the wrongdoings that they have done to our people from
	also involved in the Lake Winnipeg Co-management		
19	Board, I sit on the board for reasons, I don't	19	the 1950's and up, that has flooded in our areas,
20	know. Sometimes I go there, I'm just being lead	20	impacted our areas.
21	around like a dog chasing his tail. That's the	21	And for how many years have our people
22	feelings I get when I come home from there.	22	been quiet? How many years have we been just
23	Because our words, our decisions don't end up	23	sitting there looking out our backyards, out our
24	anywhere. You know, year after year, we go there	24	windows, seeing impacts of these high waters that
25	twice a year, we go and talk about our fishing,	25	are coming in? And then you see these big
	Page 1601		Page 1603
1	commercial fishing. And then somebody else, some	1	constructions happening, without any input within
2	other group will benefit from there. That's	2	our communities. And I know they always throw out
3	always been, this has been going on for the past	3	there that there's going to be jobs and this and
4	40 years how the Conservation and the Water	4	that, and our people get excited. But when it
5	Stewardship has been looking at us Native people.	5	comes down to it, that 33 percent that was
6	You know, it's about time we get on our own feet.	6	supposed to be hired of our people up north, a lot
7	We're tired of begging, beggars of our	7	of those jobs are shovel jobs, a lot of those jobs
8	own land. This is our land. We should be the	8	become a hammer and a shovel, and here you go and
9	ones calling the shots here. But it's never like	9	shovel that. While other people come from Europe,
10	that. You know, I think the government has to	10	come from all over the world to come and do these
11	stop the abuse, genocide, that's what I call it	11	jobs, while my people sit at home in poverty.
12	now. I'm not afraid to say that because I believe	12	So that's one thing I'd like to ask
13	in freedom of speech. You know, section 15 states	13	Manitoba Hydro, if you want a relationship, if you
14	freedom of speech, freedom of association, and	14	want to make promises that you're going to work,
15	those are the things that I always keep in the	15	then work to that ability where that economic
16	back of my mind when I speak.	16	sustainability is going to benefit my people. If
17	But thank you, again.	17	you want to get rid of fishing, if you want to get
18	MR. SHEFMAN: Thank you.	18	rid of trapping, if you want to get rid of
19	Councillor Gould, you had a few other	19	agriculture, then put something else on our table,
20	things to say?	20	because we cannot eat Hydro. Miigwech.
20	MR. GOULD: Yes. Just thinking of	20	MR. SHEFMAN: Thank you, councillor.
21	-	21 22	-
22	what Henry was talking about here, you know, the	22	Subject to questions, that's our evidence.
23 24	relationship with Hydro and our communities. I	23 24	
	have heard it said many times that the people are		THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you, Mr. Shefman
25	more scared to see the Hydro truck coming into our	25	and Councillor Gould, and I'm not sure whether
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Page 1604 Page 1604 Page 1604 1 tits Elder or Mr. Traverse. Thank you all for 2 this hearing, we have heard a great deal about the 3 3 time out to consider, so well take a break for 15 and come back in 15 minutes 4 this hearing, we have heard a great deal about the 4 MR. SHEFMAN: That will be at ten to. 7 Page 200 Page 200 6 THE CHAIRMAN: That will be at ten to. 7 Proceedings recessed at 10:50 a.m. 9 7 MR. SHEFMAN: Mr. Chairman, 7 ATK is that it is largely passed down in your 8 and reconvened at 10:50 a.m. 8 comment which he forgot to give before? 11 MR. SHEFMAN: Mr. Chairman, 11 MR. GOULD: Yes, you are correct. And 13 comment which he forgot to give before? 11 MR. BEDFORD: And I have also learned 14 THE CHAIRMAN: Absolute), 14 MR. BEDFORD: And I have also learned 14 THE CHAIRMAN: Strath will rice align and there's al for the was all base there's different Aborginal traditional 15 body of knowledge that all First Nations. Is 16 havere system, four vier, it's gone c	VOI	Ime 10 Lake winnipe	ук	egulation March 25, 2015
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	Page 1608		Page 1610
1	the school gets. The school that we have, it's an	1	UFO sighting in my, crash in my territory, but it
2	old school, it was built back in 1976, and it's	2	was true. There was an abduction that week, but
3	got an old outdated boiler system that can't heat	3	it wasn't a UFO, it was the CFS that abducted my,
4	the school at all in the coolest of the winter	4	two of my grandchildren in the evening, after
5	months. And these poor kids have to go through	5	dark, they stole them from our community. This is
6	that ordeal. Like I always tell the principal,	6	what happened. I want to say that here.
7	we're going through an era of residential school	7	Miigwech.
8	syndrome again here in front of our own eyes, I	8	MR. SHEFMAN: Councillor Gould, do you
9	told her. And the principal, she's a Native	9	have anything to add?
10	principal, so I say that to her in my language.	10	MR. GOULD: Yes. We take the oral
11	But, anyway, that's what I'll say to that.	11	traditional, and of stories of where we hunted,
12	MR. BEDFORD: And I have had a growing	12	where we have trapped, and where we have fished,
13	concern over the course of the last several years	13	where we have gathered our medicines from the
14	attending these hearings, and learning a little	14	bush, and we take them with deep understanding
15	bit about Aboriginal traditional knowledge, that	15	that it will continue, whether it's spoken in our
16	when ATK is largely oral, and when it is largely	16	traditional language or whether it's spoken in
17	passed from generation to generation in your	17	English. We still have our, we call them our
			doctors within our communities. My grandmother
18	people's languages, as the languages are	18 19	
19	threatened and fewer people speak them, that there		just turned 89 years old and she is one of the
20	is a potential loss of very valuable ATK as elders	20	main people throughout Manitoba that doctors
21	pass away and the knowledge is not transferred to	21	people still for diabetes, for cancer, you name
22	younger generations. And so it occurs to me that	22	it, teething kids, the whole works, the whole
23	every opportunity should be seized, where these	23	pregnancies for women, she does it all. And
24	traditions, the stories and the ATK, can be set	24	myself and her children are deeply rooted into the
25	down in writing, or can be recorded through the	25	knowledge on where these plants grow.
	Page 1609		Page 1611
1	voices of elders before they pass away, so that	1	And as a result of the saturation of
2	future generations of your people, and frankly I	2	our lands and that too, a lot of that is lost, and
3	think of all Manitobans, would have the benefit of	3	we have to go further into other areas that are
4	having preserved now, while we still can, ATK.	4	unfamiliar with our territories, we go into other
5	Would you agree with the suggestion I have made?	5	people's territories and ask for their permission
6	ELDER TRAVERSE: Yes. Yes. This is	6	to go and pick the roots and the plants that are
7	what's needed in our communities, you know, that's	7	needed to make these medicines to help our people.
8	what's missing. And also our elders forecasted	8	So that oral history is a big part within our
9	some of the stories that we have, and some of	9	community.
10	them, the ones that passed on in the '70s, late	10	And it is sad to say that, you know,
11	'70s, you know, they had a lot of knowledge about	11	the assimilation that had happened with
12	our system, our own system. And somehow, you	12	residential school, with the '60s group, with the
13	know, I want to mention what my colleague here,	13	relocation of some of our communities due to these
14	Derrick, mentioned a while ago, about Royal	14	big Hydro projects that were put in place, that
15	Canadian Mounted Police, they come into our	15	has damaged our languages, that has damaged our
16	community, even though they were given a rule when	16	people's way of life. And I'd just like to make
17	to step into the community. But today we have the	17	that statement.
18	RCMP come in with Manitoba Hydro to come and take	18	MR. BEDFORD: Councillor Gould, there
19	meters off our community.	19	was formed earlier this year, I gather, a new
20	They do this also with Child and	20	organization that's called the Lake Winnipeg
20	Family Services, they use RCMP, they come and	20 21	Indigenous Collective. And I understand that you
21	grab, abduct our children right in front of our		
22	eyes, our grandchildren. This is what's been	22	are one of a number of First Nations persons who
23 24		23 24	is promoting that organization. Is that correct?
	happening.		MR. GOULD: Yes, I had been at the one
25	Recently, there was a rumour about a	25	meeting that they had in Sagkeeng First Nation,

	Lake Winnipe	eg R	egulation March 25, 201
	Page 1612		Page 1614
1	and they had asked me to attend a meeting. And	1	movement of Treaty Five people is how I started,
	under the indigenous part of it, the reason that I	2	and how we got involved, because of the concerns
	was interested in getting involved in there,	3	we have, because of our elderly people live in a
	because when it comes to a lot of the discussions	4	very poor state, their Old Age Security, it's all
	of the environmental parts regarding our areas,	5	gone at the end of the month, it all goes back to
	there hasn't been very many indigenous people at	6	Hydro. And some of our elderly elders have been
	the table. And this is one form of, you know, the	7	charged for fishing along the lakeshore, a stone's
	panel, I guess you could say that we have somewhat	8	throw away from the shore to supplement themselves
	as an advocacy for our people, that our interests	9	and to feed their dogs fish. This is what we are
	and our way of life has to be told before it goes	10	facing back where I come from. That was the
	any further where it's too far gone that we cannot	11	reason why, I am the one that goes to these
	even partake in the things that have already been	12	meetings, I'm always the one that has the time to
	done.	13	go and listen and include and be a presenter of
14	MR. BEDFORD: And I conclude that the	14	our issues in these forums that we had. The last
	Lake Winnipeg Indigenous Collective will be a	15	one we had was in, I believe it was in Norway
	good, specific opportunity for voices from the	16	House on September 8.
	Aboriginal communities around Lake Winnipeg to be	17	MR. BEDFORD: Councillor Gould, I'm
	heard, and for you all to draw on your knowledge,	18	told that presently the Lake Winnipeg Indigenous
	your ATK, with respect to the issues that Lake	19	Collective is being supported by the Lake Winnipeg
	Winnipeg faces, including things like climate	20	Foundation?
	change, the algae problem in the lake, and indeed	21	MR. GOULD: As far as I know, they are
	regulation of the lake?	22	supporting at Lake Winnipeg Foundation. They are
23	MR. GOULD: Yes, that's one of the	23	the ones that had organized the meeting at
	main goals, like I said, to be informed on what we	24	Sagkeeng, and they were giving us, I guess, the
	can contribute as well before this lake comes to	25	opportunity to be involved in it and to also bring
	Page 1613		Page 1615
1	its last days and we have no more living lake, I	1	our concerns to the respective other First Nations
2	guess I could say.	2	around the area.
3	MR. BEDFORD: And I am told that	3	MR. BEDFORD: Were you aware that the
4	presently, and this is a very new organization,	4	inaugural meeting for the Lake Winnipeg Indigenous
5	that six First Nations are presently involved, and	5	Collective was financed and supported by my
6	they include your First Nation that you are a	6	client, Manitoba Hydro?
7	councillor of, Pinaymootang have I pronounced	7	MR. GOULD: No, I wasn't. Like I
8	that correctly?	8	said, I was only at the one meeting, and I was
9	MR. GOULD: Yes.	9	invited to the meeting, and I guess from my point
10	MR. BEDFORD: Norway House,	10	of view, anything that has to do with the
11	Misipawistik, Sagkeeng, Brokenhead and Black	11	protection and to advocate on behalf of my
12	River. Have I got the list accurate?	12	indigenous people, I will be there. But to answer
13	MR. GOULD: I believe so, yes. Is	13	the question that you asked me, I wasn't I
	Brokenhead in there? Did you say Brokenhead?	14	didn't know about that.
14		15	
15	MR. BEDFORD: Yes. And Mr. Traverse,	15 16	MR. BEDFORD: Would you agree with me
15 16	MR. BEDFORD: Yes. And Mr. Traverse, I'm told that your First Nation is aware of this	16	that the Lake Winnipeg Indigenous Collective would
15 16 17	MR. BEDFORD: Yes. And Mr. Traverse, I'm told that your First Nation is aware of this organization and it's considering joining; is that	16 17	that the Lake Winnipeg Indigenous Collective would be a good group of people, a good organization to
15 16 17 18	MR. BEDFORD: Yes. And Mr. Traverse, I'm told that your First Nation is aware of this organization and it's considering joining; is that correct?	16 17 18	that the Lake Winnipeg Indigenous Collective would be a good group of people, a good organization to gather Aboriginal traditional knowledge from all
15 16 17 18 19	MR. BEDFORD: Yes. And Mr. Traverse, I'm told that your First Nation is aware of this organization and it's considering joining; is that correct? ELDER TRAVERSE: That's true. We	16 17 18 19	that the Lake Winnipeg Indigenous Collective would be a good group of people, a good organization to gather Aboriginal traditional knowledge from all of the First Nations around Lake Winnipeg, about
15 16 17 18 19 20	MR. BEDFORD: Yes. And Mr. Traverse, I'm told that your First Nation is aware of this organization and it's considering joining; is that correct? ELDER TRAVERSE: That's true. We started, like I said, I never heard anything about	16 17 18 19 20	that the Lake Winnipeg Indigenous Collective would be a good group of people, a good organization to gather Aboriginal traditional knowledge from all of the First Nations around Lake Winnipeg, about Lake Winnipeg?
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	Dogo 1616		Doro 1619	
1	Page 1616 direction. Like I said, we need to find some	1	Page 1618 isn't a misunderstanding flowing from the	
2	solutions that we both can live respectively, in	2	questions I have asked you today, I'm assured my	
3	regard to the impacts that are surrounding the	3	client provided the funding for the inaugural	
4	waterways. And if it means that it has to take	4	meeting of the Lake Winnipeg indigenous	
5	this collective to bring that communication to the	5	collective, but whether or not there will be	
6	table, and the respect to the table, and bring the	6	further funding for that group remains to be seen.	
7	truth to the table, then, yeah, it would be a good	7	But thank you both, and I have no further	
8	panel to continue with if we can work in that way.	8	questions.	
9	MR. BEDFORD: Mr. Traverse, you told	9	MR. GOULD: I'd just like to add on to	
9 10	us all when you were speaking earlier this morning	10	that, if I may?	
11	that you had never been asked for input over the	11	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.	
12	years by Manitoba Hydro about concerns you and	12	MR. GOULD: I'd just like to say,	
13	members of your community had about Lake Winnipeg	13	thank you for informing me on who does the funding	
13	and regulation. My colleague, who is sitting	13		
			and that. And I think in respect, they should	
15 16	behind me this morning, Mr. Dale Hutchison, assures me that he visited your community and you	15 16	have been up-front right with the people that they	
16 17		16 17	have asked to join these meetings, on who the	
17 19	were present when he paid his visit to your	17 10	funding people are, and not to be put upon them at	
18 19	community. And he remembers asking you and other members of your First Nation what concerns you had	18 19	a later date that so-and-so is funding you. So I	
			would like to make that clear here today that, you	
20 21	about Manitoba Hydro and the regulation of Lake	20 21	know. But with all due respect, I hope that it's not a form of Manitoba Hydro stating that that's a	
21	Winnipeg.		, ,	
	Now, given what Mr. Hutchison has told	22	form of consultation when you are not present at	
23	me since he heard you speak this morning, would I	23 24	the table yourself.	
24 25	be correct in suggesting to you that it was a	24 25	MR. BEDFORD: No, and obviously it	
25	little unfair of you to say that you had never had	25	wouldn't. And as you have noted, my client wasn't	
	Page 1617		Page 1619	
1	Page 1617 a visit from Manitoba Hydro to ask you about your	1	Page 1619 present at the meeting and didn't organize it. It	
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Page 1620			Page 1622	
1	Turning to participants, just	1	generations about your way of life and the	
2	remembering what I said yesterday about	2	Aboriginal technical knowledge and the ways of	
3	participant to participant questioning.	3	life?	
4	Mr. Williams, do you have any questions?	4	MR. GOULD: Actually, we take it upon	
		5		
5	MR. WILLIAMS: No.		ourselves, without any funding, to take the youth	
6	THE CHAIRMAN: Ms. Whelan Enns? No.	6	out onto the land. My daughter also works with	
7	Mr. Lenton? No. Mr. Settee, any questions?	7	Child & Family Services, but a lot of my time that	
8	MR. SETTEE: Yes. Good morning, my	8	I spend, I just do it voluntarily to take the	
9	name is Darrell Settee from Pimicikamak, and I	9	people out onto the land, whether it's hunting,	
10	just have a couple of simple, honest questions,	10	trapping, or fishing, and also with agriculture,	
11	since we are kind of separated by the geography	11	we still try and maintain an interest in the	
12	from our people and yours. I guess the first	12	cattle production, especially now the cattle	
13	question I would ask you is about the baling of	13	prices are very good right now. And it's a form	
14	the hay. Are you having enough to feed your	14	of economic sustainability that we see, if we do	
15	animals, and are you able to store enough for the	15	have the land base that's there. But like I said,	
16	winter?	16	right now the barriers that are there, they have	
17	MR. GOULD: As of right now, we have	17	been hindering people's interest in continuing	
18	ran out of hay. We're just buying hay as we see	18	into farming. Because our land base is getting	
19	the need for the hay right now, and it costs	19	smaller and smaller every year.	
20	anywhere between \$60 to \$80 a bale for a	20	So with that, we do pass that	
21	1,700-pound bale right now. So it's a big cost to	21	knowledge onto the children. And there's quite a	
22	the people that still want to farm in our area.	22	few other children, younger people now that are	
23	And like I said, the impacts of the high waters	23	taking the language seriously, and trying to	
24	have turned all of our pristine alfalfa fields	24	retain that ability to talk with the elders in the	
25	into bulrushes. And as people know that are in	25	language. And there's new forms and ways that we	
	Page 1621		Page 1623	
1	Page 1621 the agricultural business, we cannot feed	1	Page 1623 are trying to come up with to protect our language	
1 2	-	1 2	6	
	the agricultural business, we cannot feed		are trying to come up with to protect our language	
2	the agricultural business, we cannot feed bulrushes to our cattle and horses.	2	are trying to come up with to protect our language in regards to descriptions, and how they can	
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	Page 1624	4	Page 1626
1	you getting the same amount of fish? Is it just	1	then these past probably eight years or seven
2	different? Has it gone down or gone up? And why	2	years or so, where we would set, all we would
3	do you think this change has happened?	3	catch are these bullheads instead of the pickerel
4	MR. GOULD: Well, I believe, first of	4	that we once thought were there. So then it takes
5	all, the amount of fish, it all depends I guess on	5	a little bit more time and effort. And of course,
6	your area that you're in. Some people in the	6	everything costs money, gas and that, to go find
7	south basin, all they fish is they want to get	7	and search where these pickerel had moved to.
8	pickerel, right. And when they go and set their	8	With the new diversion that they had
9	net, the whitefish were where the pickerel were,	9	cut from Lake St. Martin to Lake Winnipeg, we have
10	and the whitefish are a way lower price. You get	10	one of the biggest whitefish runs that run up to,
11	about \$66 a tub, I believe, for a box of	11	from Lake Winnipeg to Dauphin River area, all the
12	whitefish. And for a box of pickerel you're	12	way up to Lake St. Martin. And when they cut the
13	looking at anywhere between \$250 to \$300, I	13	diversion, the fish naturally ran down, of course,
14	believe, on a tub.	14	the natural river, and most of them have gone up
15	MS. SUEK: Wow.	15	the diversion. And this past summer, when they
16	MR. GOULD: So there's a big	16	opened up the diversion, which was supposedly only
17	difference there when you set and you lift for	17	going to be opened up every 100 years, and they
18	pickerel, then all of a sudden you get \$66 to	18	open it up three years down the road or so.
19	\$300 is a big difference. In some places, there	19	And I myself, I don't know if you've
20	is an abundance of pickerel because of the algae	20	seen me in the news, but I was in the news. I was
21	that's kind of corralling them. They can only be	21	the one that took over the diversion with my
22	in certain waters where there's oxygen, and where	22	family, and we stopped them from opening it up 100
23	the algae is, there's no oxygen. So there's going	23	percent. We felt that the consultation wasn't
24	to be more of a tendency of conflict between those	24	there to be informed the day ahead with a fax
25	fish.	25	paper sent into the band office, it wasn't
	Page 1625		Page 1627
1	In our area of Lake St. Martin, we	1	significant enough for us to deem them the right
2	have noticed an abundance of carp. Carp are	2	that they could go and open the fishery, while our
3	bottom feeders. They eat up the spawn of the	3	people haven't fished since 2011 because of the
4	pickerel.	4	high waters and they had no places to live. And
5	And before the dams were made, I want	5	due to that, they thought they were going to go
6	to say here that our lake was full of pickerel and	6	and fish. They took tents, campers there, to try
7	full of perch. And like my respective Manitoba	7	and fish, they had no place to live. And then
8	Hydro representative here I'm sorry, I forget	8	they decided to open up the diversion, which
9	your name but, you know, he had stated the oral	9	wrecked all their nets. Within two weeks of
10	history that is passed down. My grandfather had	10	fishing all the debris and everything was going
11	stated when they would lift the nets, they would	11	down there, and people hitting logs with their
12	have shovels beside the water hole, the pickerel	12	outboard motors which cost, 30 to \$40,000 motor,
13	were like bananas coming out, and that was the	13	and some of them $\operatorname{didn}\nolimits {}^t$ have insurance. And so we
14	natural flows, and also perch. And today, we can	14	took it upon ourselves and said, you know, enough
15	set a 3 and 3/4 net, which is one of the smaller	15	is enough, we need to be consulted in a way that's
16	nets, or a 3-inch net in our lake, and I guarantee	16	respectful.
17	you every lift, we probably wouldn't catch one	17	And going back to the fish, the
18	perch. And we have some catfish now that are	18	Department of Fisheries only let them open it up a
19		19	certain amount. They wanted to open it up 100
20	showing up in our areas that we never had before,	10	, , ,
04	showing up in our areas that we never had before, maybe due to the high water flow. We have, they	20	percent. After some consultation with the
21			
21	maybe due to the high water flow. We have, they	20	percent. After some consultation with the
	maybe due to the high water flow. We have, they are called bullheads, where we usually fish in the	20 21	percent. After some consultation with the Province of Manitoba, they only let them open it
22	maybe due to the high water flow. We have, they are called bullheads, where we usually fish in the springtime, or in the fall time, where we would	20 21 22	percent. After some consultation with the Province of Manitoba, they only let them open it up a certain amount, because biologists there that
22 23	maybe due to the high water flow. We have, they are called bullheads, where we usually fish in the springtime, or in the fall time, where we would catch an abundance of pickerel. And this ain't	20 21 22 23	percent. After some consultation with the Province of Manitoba, they only let them open it up a certain amount, because biologists there that were doing the environmental studies on the

	Page 1628		Page 1630
1	they couldn't believe the abundance of whitefish	1	One of my suggestions was, living in
	-		
2	eggs that were there. So they couldn't have that	2	the area, I don't know why they wouldn't go from
3	fast flow anymore than what it was, because it	3	the area of million dollar base, the north part of
4	would hinder and destroy a lot of the whitefish	4	Lake Manitoba, and cut it right through to Lake
5	eggs from actually just sitting there to be ready	5	Winnipeg, instead of putting it through where the
6	to be spawned. And that was a big impact.	6	residential school I'm sorry, the residents,
7	And as of right now they haven't	7	area people live. Like if they put it up further
8	opened up that diversion 100 percent due to the	8	north in the northern part of Lake Manitoba and
9	fact that the whitefish were spawning there, and	9	cut it right through to Lake Winnipeg, where
10		10	nobody lives and a lot of it is muskeg, I don't
	that was between September and November.		
11	So there's been a lot of impacts	11	know why they wouldn't go that route.
12	regarding the flow of water. And it's sad to say	12	MS. SUEK: Okay. Those are my
13	that when they declare the state of emergencies	13	questions. Thank you.
14	that they have the right to cut through anybody's	14	THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Harden?
15	land and deal with environmental impacts later.	15	MR. HARDEN: Yes, thank you.
16	And that's going backward from, even from the	16	Councillor Gould, you answered one
17	history that we see from the relationship with	17	question that I had. I guess my question now is,
18	Hydro and our people, you would think that they	18	remaining question is for Elder Traverse.
19	would learn from that. And again, they are	19	In our community tours, we heard a lot
20		20	about changing currents on Lake Winnipeg affecting
	starting to look at a diversion again from Lake		
21	Manitoba into our Lake St. Martin system again,	21	fishing, commercial fishing. Can you comment on
22	which it's like a bottle of, you know, the neck of	22	that?
23	a bottle. You know, you can only pump so much	23	ELDER TRAVERSE: In our language, we
24	water in it and it's going to start to expand.	24	have that word (Cree spoken), the lake is very
25	And with the high 715 that Lake Winnipeg is, it	25	dangerous due to the strong current. That's what
	Page 1629		Page 1631
1	takes a longer time to flow into Lake Winnipeg.	1	has been happening for quite a few years now.
1 2	•	1 2	6
	takes a longer time to flow into Lake Winnipeg.		has been happening for quite a few years now.
2	takes a longer time to flow into Lake Winnipeg. So the water is held back a lot longer in our	2	has been happening for quite a few years now. Because I live right beside the lake, and also we
2 3	takes a longer time to flow into Lake Winnipeg. So the water is held back a lot longer in our areas. So that's how I see that we are affected	2 3	has been happening for quite a few years now. Because I live right beside the lake, and also we have our our boats are 22 feet long, and myself, I have one of those big 60-foot diesel
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1	places to live when the high water is come, they	1	builds up in a matter of a couple hours. And then
2	flood them out, drown them out. And we noticed a	2	if they drop the water, then you'll have hanging
3	lot of the pelts on them were, there's a lot of	3	ice, and that's even more dangerous because you're
4	biting on the pelts itself from them being	4	on top of the ice and all of a sudden it drops.
5	aggressive with each other. And like the older	5	THE CHAIRMAN: We have heard lots
6	people said, this time of year they never seen	6	about hanging ice, particularly from Mr. Settee's
7	stuff like that, the way the animals would be.	7	community. So the Fairford dam, how often in a
8	But times when the high waters would come, the	8	typical year do they open and close it?
9	muskrats were all over the yard. Like the kids	9	MR. GOULD: Well, this year, just this
10	would be outside and there would be a muskrat	10	winter alone, I have the e-mails from MIT, I think
11	under the steps. And you have to watch out for	11	they have accessed that dam probably four times.
12	those things because they can jump five or six	12	And just this past two weeks, they have adjusted
13	feet. And once they get a hold of you, they will	13	the logs twice, so
14	give you a good bite. So there was a lot of dead	14	THE CHAIRMAN: I think we should note
15	muskrats around, because dogs in the area were	15	that, to my knowledge, Manitoba Hydro has nothing
	-	16	to do with that dam, isn't that correct? Yes,
16 17	killing them. So it has a big impact in our community when the houses freeze. And then when	10	it's indicated that that's correct.
17 10	they close the dam down, and then if there's not	18	Mr. Traverse, the high water at your
18	-	19	
19	enough water, and these animals can't adjust in		community, how long have you been noticing
20	the middle of the winter to, okay, I need some	20	problems with higher water there?
21	more water here, I built my house too high or I	21	ELDER TRAVERSE: It started way back
22	built my house too low, and they can't adjust to	22	in the late '70s, into the '80s. We have had a
23	that, and they end up dying.	23	lot of destruction so far of our docks, our small
24	A couple weeks ago, they closed the	24	manmade docks. Some have gone underwater and some
25	dam down again to accommodate the outflow to	25	have floated away. This started about that time.
	Page 1637		Page 1639
1	Dauphin River, because of the fragile ice that	1	I recall that because I'm 60 years old, I should
2	builds up there. And that had a big impact on our	2	know a little bit, something about the lake and
3	fishing as well, where we set nets. And what	3	how high the water is. Like it's from that time,
4	happens is the slush builds up on top of the ice	4	that's what's been happening to our equipment, or
5	and the slush builds up underneath the ice. And	5	sometimes we lose our boat and motor, you know,
6	for you people that don't understand how to set	6	and it goes underwater. And that's a big loss to
7	the nets, you only have certain depths of nets	7	the fishermen. But that's when we noticed that
8	that are between a six mesh all the way to a 60	8	that lake level was high back in that time.
9	mesh, depending if you're fishing on Lake	9	Because I recall reading research history, why the
10	Winnipeg. But in our area there, we are an	10	dam was built in Grand Rapids was because they had
11	average of 60 mesh, which is from the ground up to	11	to accommodate the Thompson mine, that was one of
12	about here. And then we've got to make sure we	12	the reasons why. It's what I was reading through
13	have enough distance between the ice and the	13	my research.
14	ground level. And when high waters flow, even in	14	That time, like at the end I say we
15	Lake Winnipeg when the high waters flow, the slush	15	had no knowledge of it, no study or nothing.
16	builds up on top, and slush builds up underneath.	16	We're a First Nation that live off the lake.
17	And when you have cold nights, that will make ice	17	Thank you.
18		18	-
	anywhere between a foot to two feet under the ice,	18	THE CHAIRMAN: So is the high water in
19 20	then you don't even know.		your community, is it from high water on the lake
20	And next thing, you go try pull your	20	or is it more water in the Jackhead River?
21	net, your net's frozen. And that's two or \$300 a	21	ELDER TRAVERSE: Well, because of the
22	net to the fishermen. And you can't get that net	22	loss of the wild rice and also the erosion on the
23	out, it will just sit there. And then it's an	23	river system, you know, this is from the very high
24	environmental thing as well because there's dead	24	waters that we had been facing for, you know, it's
25	fish there, you can't pull it out. And that slush	25	been quite a while now, we lost our wild rice
		I	

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1	crops. And you know, there's a lot of, the rivers	1	
2	are wider. Like I got pictures of our river back	2	OFFICIAL EXAMINER'S CERTIFICATE
3	from 1950. Like I said, I'll produce those in our	3	
4	next session, or maybe when, if the Commission	4	
5	comes to our community. You know, that's been our	5	
6	desire that we could accommodate because of the	6	Cecelia Reid and Debra Kot, duly appointed
7	history that we carry, we're not just even	7	Official Examiners in the Province of Manitoba, do
8	though we're a small community, but I guess we	8	hereby certify the foregoing pages are a true and
9	have a lot of our elders have gone on, but we	9	correct transcript of my Stenotype notes as taken
10	are still holding a few that have stories. And	10	by us at the time and place hereinbefore stated to
11	also the impacts of our community as a whole from	11	the best of our skill and ability.
12	the water.	12	
13	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you,	13	
14	Mr. Traverse. Those are my questions.	14	
15	So barring any final comments from any	15	
16	of you, I will bring the presentation to a close.	16	Cecelia Reid
17	MR. SHEFMAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.	17	Official Examiner, Q.B.
18	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you, Mr. Shefman.	18	
19	I don't believe we have any documents today oh	19	
20	we do.	20	Debra Kot
21	MS. JOHNSON: Just have to make sure	21	Official Examiner Q.B.
22	that everything we have is on record. IRTC number	22	
23	1 will be the evidence that was provided on	23	
24	February 24th.	24	
25		25	
	Page 1641		
1	(EXHIBIT IRTC 1: Evidence provided		
2	February 24th)		
3	THE CHAIRMAN: Of course, I have that		
4	document in front of me, I should have known that		
5	it would need to be registered.		
6	So that brings today's proceedings to		
7	a close. We have another early day. Tomorrow we		
8	have two participants to First Nation communities,		
9	York Factory First Nation and Tataskweyak Cree		
10	Nation will be back here tomorrow. So we're back		
11	here at 9:30 tomorrow morning. We are adjourned.		
12	(Adjourned at 11:47 a.m.)		
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